

in which

 $M^1$  is a metal from group IVb, Vb or VIb of the Periodic Table  $R^1 \ \text{and} \ R^2 \qquad \text{are identical or different and are a hydrogen atom, a $C_1$-$C_{10}$-alkyl}$ 

group, a  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$ -alkoxy group, a  $C_6$ - $C_{10}$ -aryl group, a  $C_6$ - $C_{10}$ -aryloxy group, a  $C_2$ - $C_{10}$ -alkenyl group, a  $C_7$ - $C_{40}$ -arylalkyl group, a  $C_7$ - $C_{40}$ -alkylaryl group, a  $C_8$ - $C_{40}$ -arylalkenyl group or a halogen atom,

 $R^3$  and  $R^4$  are identical or different and are a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, [a halogen atom,] a  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$ -alkyl group, which is optionally halogenated, a  $C_6$ - $C_{10}$ -aryl group, an  $-NR_2^{\ 15}$ ,  $-SR^{15}$ ,  $-OSiR_3^{\ 15}$ ,  $-SiR_3^{\ 15}$  or  $-PR_2^{\ 15}$  radical in which  $R^{15}$  is a halogen atom, a  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$ -alkyl group or a  $C_6$ - $C_{10}$ -aryl group,

R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> are identical or different and are as defined for R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup>, with the proviso that R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> are not hydrogen,

R7 is

where

 $R^{11}$ ,  $R^{12}$  and  $R^{13}$  are identical or different and are a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$ -alkyl group, a  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$ -fluoroalkyl group, a  $C_6$ - $C_{10}$ -aryl group, a  $C_6$ - $C_{10}$ -fluoroaryl group, a  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$ -alkoxy group, a  $C_2$ - $C_{10}$ -alkenyl group, a  $C_7$ - $C_{40}$ -arylalkyl group, a  $C_8$ - $C_{40}$ -arylalkenyl group or a  $C_7$ - $C_{40}$ -alkylaryl group, or a pair of substituents  $R^{11}$  and  $R^{12}$ -- or  $R^{11}$  and  $R^{13}$  in each case with the atoms connecting them, form a ring,

M<sup>2</sup> is silicon, germanium or tin,

R<sup>8</sup> and R<sup>9</sup> are identical or different and are as defined for R<sup>11</sup>

m and n are identical or different and are zero, 1 or 2, m plus n being zero, 1 or 2, [and]

the radicals R<sup>10</sup> are identical or different and are as defined

for  $R^{11}$ ,  $R^{12}$  and  $R^{13}$ .

rings A are saturated or aromatic.

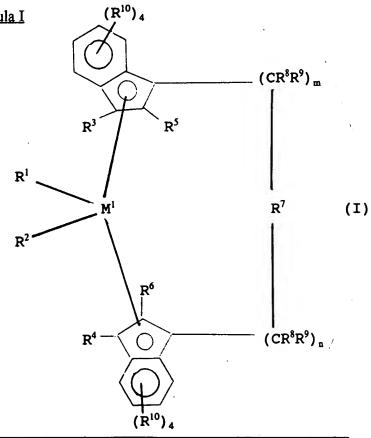
- p is 8, when rings A are saturated, and
- p is 4, when rings A are aromatic.--

Please cancel the duplicate "claim 1" on page 19 of the application (following claim

15).

Please cancel claims 16 to 18, and insert the following new claims therefor.

19. A compound of the formula I



in which

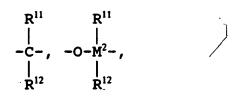
M¹ is a metal from group IVb. Vb or VIb of the Periodic Table.

 $R^1$  and  $R^2$  are identical or different and are a hydrogen atom, a  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$ -alkyl group, a  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$ -alkoxy group, a  $C_6$ - $C_{10}$ -aryl group, a  $C_6$ - $C_{10}$ -aryloxy group, a  $C_2$ - $C_{10}$ -alkenyl group, a  $C_7$ - $C_{40}$ -arylalkyl group, a  $C_7$ - $C_{40}$ -alkylaryl group, a  $C_8$ - $C_{40}$ -arylalkenyl group or a halogen atom,

 $R^3$  and  $R^4$  are identical or different and are a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$ -alkyl group, which is optionally halogenated, a  $C_6$ - $C_{10}$ -aryl group, an  $-NR_2^{15}$ ,  $-SR^{15}$ ,  $-OSiR_3^{15}$ ,  $-SiR_3^{15}$  or  $-PR_2^{15}$  radical in which  $R^{15}$  is a halogen atom, a  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$ alkyl group or a  $C_6$ - $C_{10}$ -aryl group,

R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> are identical or different and are as defined for R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup>, with the proviso that R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> are not both hydrogen.

 $\mathbb{R}^7$  is



 $=BR^{11}$ ,  $=AlR^{11}$ , -Ge, -Sn, -O, -S, =SO, =SO<sub>2</sub>,  $=NR^{11}$ , =CO,  $=PR^{11}$  or  $=P(O)R^{11}$ , where

 $R^{11}$ ,  $R^{12}$  and  $R^{13}$  are identical or different and are a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$ -alkyl group, a  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$ -alkyl group, a  $C_2$ - $C_{10}$ -alkyl group, a  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$ -alkyl group, a  $C_4$ - $C_{10}$ -alkyl group, a  $C_5$ - $C_{10}$ -arylalkyl group, a  $C_7$ - $C_{10}$ -alkylaryl group, or a pair of substituents  $R^{11}$  and  $R^{12}$  --or  $R^{11}$  and  $R^{13}$ , in each case with the atoms connecting them, form a ring,

M<sup>2</sup> is silicon, germanium or tin,

R<sup>8</sup> and R<sup>9</sup> are identical or different and are as defined for R<sup>11</sup>.

m and n are identical or different and are zero, 1 or 2, m plus n being zero, 1 or 2, the radicals  $R^{10}$  are the same or different and are as defined for  $R^{11}$ ,  $R^{12}$  and  $R^{13}$ .

20. A compound as claimed in claim 19, wherein:

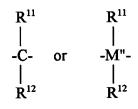
M¹ is titanium, zirconium, hafnium, vanadium, niobium, or tantalum,

R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> are identical or different and are methyl or halogen,

R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are hydrogen,

R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> are identical or different and are methyl, ethyl, or trifluoromethyl,

R<sup>7</sup> is a radical of the formula



where M" is silicon or germanium, and

R<sup>8</sup> and R<sup>9</sup> are identical or different and are hydrogen or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>-alkyl.--

Please cancel claims 16 to 18, and insert the following new claims therefor.

21. A catalyst composition comprising the combination comprising a compound of claim

19 and a cocatalyst.